SECURING THE AUTONOMOUS AUTOMOBILE

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TRANSITION IN COMPLEXITY

(intel)

Mechanical

Electronic Control Units

Networks

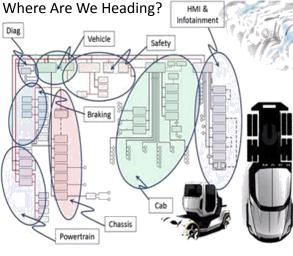
System of Systems



Source: MechanicalEngineering.com

App Store Airbag OBD II Bluetooth USB Link Type Wi (Fi) DSRC-Based Receiver (V2X) **46** assive Keyless Entry * Remote Key TPMS ADAS System ECU Vehicle Access System ECU Lighting System ECU Engine and Steering and (Interior and Exterior) Transmission Braking ECU FCU

Source: Intel Security



Source: Volvo

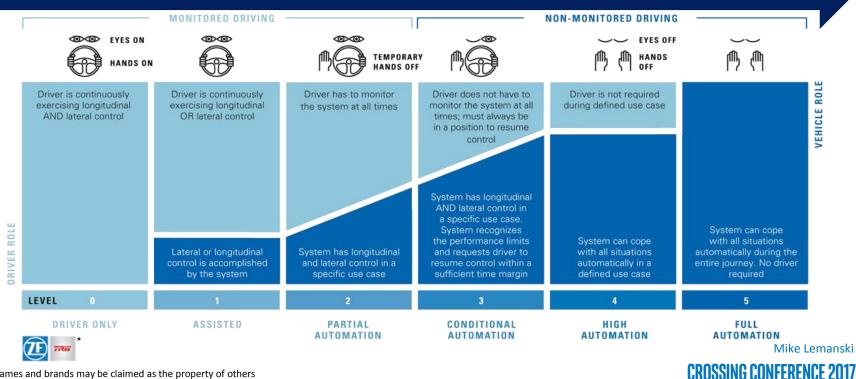


TRANSITION IN RESPONSIBILITY

Driver



Vehicle



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WHAT IS DRIVING THESE TRANSITIONS?



- 1. Safety
- 2. Engine Performance
- 3. Fuel Efficiency
- 4. Emission Control
- 5. Security

Is it time for a transition in priority?



AUTOMOBILES MAKE ATTRACTIVE TARGETS









Oakland 2010

CHES 2013

BlackHat 2015, 2016

Experimental Security Analysis of a Modern Automobile, Kosher et al, 2010 Non-invasive Spoofing Attacks for anti-lock braking systems, Shoukry at al, 2013



WHAT MAKES AUTOMOBILES SO VULNERABLE?



The Number of ECUs Have Increased Over Time

Infiniti*	11 in 2006	34 in 2014
Jeep*	7 in 2010	17 in 2014
Ranger Rover*	41 in 2010	98 in 2014
Toyota Prius*	23 in 2006	40 in 2014

Source: A Survey of Remote Automotive Attack surfaces, by Miller & Valasek

Large Threat Surface

• ~100 M lines of code

Physical Access

• OBD-II ports, USB, disc, iPod with access to internal networks

Short and Long-Range Wireless Access

• Bluetooth, Remote keyless entry, Tire Pressure Monitor, GPS, Cellular all exploitable

Open Internal Networks, Open Protocols

• CAN bus is unencrypted, easy to spoof, lack of authentication

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Not Designed With A Malicious Adversary In Mind



HOW TO SECURE THE AUTONOMOUS AUTOMOBILE?

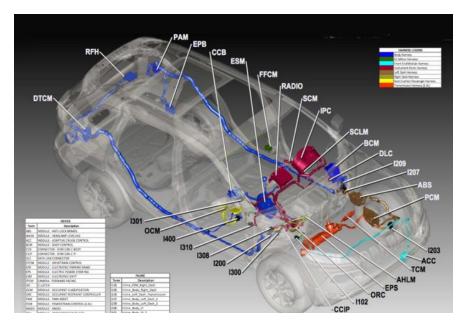






CONTROLLER AREA NETWORK (CAN) BASICS





CAN-C Network 2014 Jeep Cherokee

Source: A Survey of Remote Automotive Attack surfaces, by Miller & Valasek

In-car Fabric That Connects The ECUs Simple Packet Format Broadcast To All ECUs Simple Priority Based Arbitration Gateways Route Data Between Buses



WHAT CAN POSSIBLY GO WRONG?



Easy to Spoof an ECU

- No Authentication Field
- Easy to Snoop
- Easy to Inject & Send Packets to Any ECU
- **Trivial Denial-of-Service Attacks**
- Weak Access Controls
 - ECU Firmware Upgrade and Diagnostic Service Easily Exploitable

ldentifier (ID) 11 bits 0x0 -0X7FF 29 bits (0x0v-0x1FFFFFFF)	Data Length Code (DLC) 4 bits	Data Up to 8 bytes Length Specified by DLC	
Circula CANL			

Simple CAN message format

```
While (1) {
send_message_with_id_0():
}
```

DoS attack with message ID = 0

Source: Hopping on the CAN bus, BlackHat Asia 2015, Eric Evenchick



THE INDUSTRY RESPONDS



SAE J3061 – Cybersecurity Guidebook For Cyber-physical Vehicle Systems

- a) Enumerate All Attack Surfaces And Conduct Threat Analysis
- b) Reduce Attack Surface
- c) Harden Hardware And Software
- d) Security Testing (Penetration, Fuzzing, Etc.)

SAE J3101 – Hardware-protected Security For Ground Vehicle Applications

- a) Secure Boot
- b) Secure Storage
- c) Secure Execution Environment
- d) Secure Debug, Many Other Hardware Capabilities...
- e) OTA Software Authentication, Detection, And Recovery Mechanisms

Apply the Lessons of the PC Ecosystem!



HOW TO SECURE THE AUTONOMOUS AUTOMOBILE?







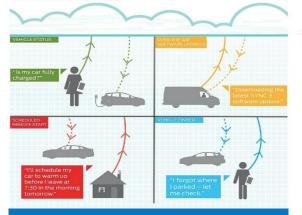
WIRELESS COMMUNICATION ENABLES NEW USAGES



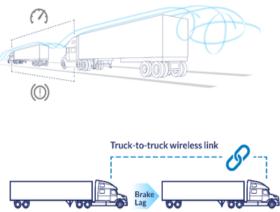
Vehicle to Cloud

Ford's Cloud Connected Services Goes Global

Ford is preparing for the vehicle ownership experience of the future with the creation of a global cloud-based network enabling new ways for consumers to interact with cars. Soon, more Ford and Lincoln owners will benefit from new connectivity services such as over-the-air software updates, scheduled remote start, vehicle finder, and vehicle status



Vehicle to Vehicle



Platooning **Traffic Management Accident Report**

Traffic Flow Optimization Automatic Toll **Traffic Violations**

Vehicle to Infrastructure

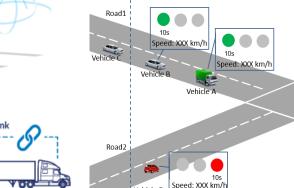
Source: 3GPP TR22885

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Telematics Over The Air Update Vehicle Finder

Source: ExtremeTech, March 2015

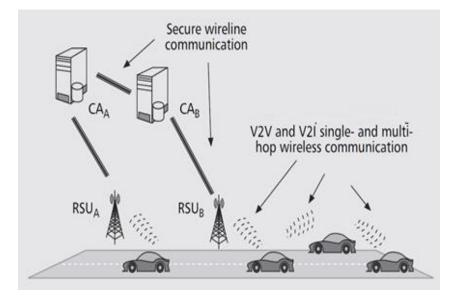
Source: Peloton-tech.com



Vehicle D

... BUT OPENS UP NEW ATTACKS





Abstract View Of Secure Vehicular Communication

Source: Secure Vehicular Communications Systems, by Papadimitratos et al

Forge Location by GPS Spoofing

• \$300 SDR To Spoof GPS @Defcon 2015

DoS Attack By Jamming Communications

• Lose Critical Info From Platoon Leader

Forge, Inject or Replay Messages

• Masquerade as an Emergency Vehicle

Privacy Leak Via Recording Safety Beacons

Monitor Vehicle's Locations To Infer Private Info

Collusion Attacks By Multiple Compromised Roadside Units

• Report Imaginary Events, e.g. Traffic Jam



IS DSRC THE ANSWER?



Dedicated Short Range Communications Enables Direct V2V

- Promoted By USDOT, IEEE Protocol 1609.2 in the 5.9GHz Band defines the security protocol
- Obstacles To Adoption: Cost, Interoperability, Interference, Scalability
- Biggest Obstacle: Security!
 - Public-key Crypto Is Computationally Expensive, Poorly Suited For Embedded Processor
 - Lack of Anonymity. DSRC is Inherently A Vehicle Tracking System
 - Poor Support For Revocation. No Key-rollover, Certificate Revocation List

Opens The Door for 5G!

- Many Car Companies Embedding Cellular Wireless Connectivity Anyway
- Integrate Low Latency Device-to-device And Mobile Edge Computing Capabilities For V2V
- Leverage 3GPP, ETSI Security Standards

Security is Critical for Any V2V Standard



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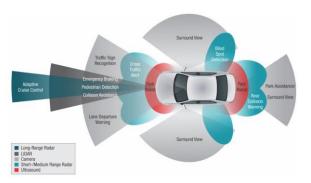
WHAT DRIVES AUTONOMOUS DRIVING?



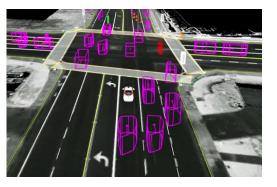
SENSE THE ENVIRONMENT

Camera, Radar, LIDAR, Ultrasound



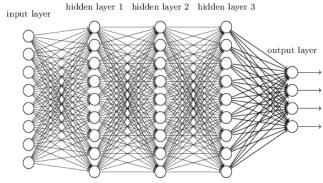


Source: Lichaoma.com, Malcom's Technical Blog



Source: Chris Urmson: How a driverless car sees the road

PLAN NEXT STEPS Deep Neural Nets



Source: Quora.com



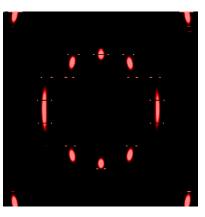
DEEP NEURAL NETS CAN BE FOOLED



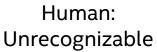
Evolution Attacks: When randomness is classified as information DNN Recognizable, Human Unrecognizable

DNN: Human: Same as this Traffic Sign! Unrecognizable





DNN: F Same as this Traffic Sign! Unre





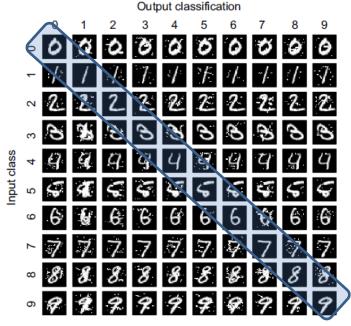




DEEP NEURAL NETS CAN BE FOOLED



Causative Attacks: When twins are classified as different DNN Unrecognizable, Human Recognizable



Source: The Limitations of Deep Learning in Adversarial Settings, Papenot, et al, 2016

Human: "3"





DNN: "8"

Modifying 4% of features causes the DNN to misclassify with 97% success rate

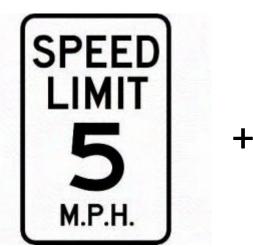
It would take minor changes to confuse these two signs!





Causative Attacks: When twins are classified as different DNN Unrecognizable, Human Recognizable

Human: "Speed Limit Sign" DNN: "Speed Limit Sign"



Error: Small variations in intensity



Human: "Speed Limit Sign" DNN: "Ruler"





Source: Intel Labs, based on Explaining and Harnessing Adversarial Examples, by Goodfellow, et al, Google



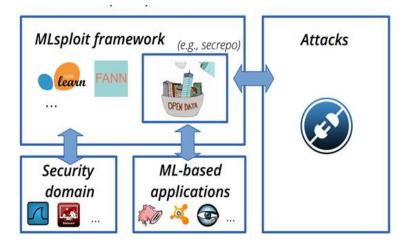


INTEL FUNDED ACADEMIC RESEARCH



Adversary Resilient Security Analytics Intel + Georgia Tech (ISTC-ARSA)

Mlsploit: Framework for evaluating and improving the resiliency of ML based security applications



Collaborative Autonomous Resilient Systems Intel + EU Academia (ICRI-CARS)

RFP: Proposals in the area of security, privacy and safety of collaborative autonomous systems



Need more research in Adversarial Analytics





- Autonomous Driving Is In Its Early Days
- Shift In Complexity And Responsibility Makes Vehicles Vulnerable To Attacks
- Learn From The PC Ecosystem, Invest in Security Standards, Research in Adversarial Analytics
- Increased Security = Increased Safety



THANK YOU.