

Student-Assistant (HiWi) Job

HPC Solutions to Post-Quantum Crypto Schemes

The need for quantum-resistant cryptosystems arose from the fact that the quantum supremacy, which is demonstrated by the well-known Shor algorithm [1] for factorization, can be destructively used to break the current public key system like RSA or ECDSA.

Being involved as a research project within CROSSING, our research focuses on:

- **Lattice-based blind signature schemes.** In this context, we mainly focus on two schemes *blaze* and *blazePlus* [2]. The primary task is to refactor an existing C/C++ implementation of *blazePlus* in terms of adapting new parameters. Other schemes, which are being developed and share common building blocks with *blazePlus*, need also to be implemented. Upon achieving working implementations, another task is to optimize them on current CPU architectures.
- **Cryptanalysis in isogeny-based cryptography.** The hard problem which underlies this type of PQC is the CSSI problem [3]. The goal is to achieve a parallel solver utilizing GPUs as accelerators for compute-intensive parts of the algorithm. Thus, you will be involved in the development of a solver primarily targeting the host side (CPU). Furthermore, another task is to implement the isogeny computation, which is the hotspot of the solver, by employing the existing libraries for multi-precision integer arithmetic on GPUs.¹

Requirements

- Successfully passed the course *Computersystemsicherheit*.²
- Good programming skills in C/C++.
- English for reading literature and writing documentation.

Working time

The working time may vary between 40-60 hours per month.

Contact

By interest, please send a short CV and the Transcript of Records to the Contact person.

- [1] Peter W. Shor. Polynomial-time algorithms for prime factorization and discrete logarithms on a quantum computer. *SIAM Journal on Computing*, 26(5):1484–1509, Oct 1997.
- [2] Nabil Alkeilani Alkadri, Rachid El Bansarkhani, and Johannes Buchmann. On lattice-based interactive protocols: An approach with less or no aborts. *Cryptology ePrint Archive*, Report 2020/007, 2020. <https://eprint.iacr.org/2020/007>.
- [3] Craig Costello, Patrick Longa, Michael Naehrig, Joost Renes, and Fernando Virdia. Improved classical cryptanalysis of sike in practice. *Cryptology ePrint Archive*, Report 2019/298, 2019. <https://eprint.iacr.org/2019/298>.

Institute for Scientific
Computing



Giang Nam Nguyen, M.Sc.
Contact person

Alexanderstr. 2
64289 Darmstadt

Phone: +49 6151 16 - 27287
Fax: +49 6151 16 - 25345

giang_nam.nguyen@tu-darmstadt.de

<https://www.sc.informatik.tu-darmstadt.de/>

Date
March 19, 2021

¹Example: nvidia XMP 2.0 (<https://github.com/NVlabs/CGBN>)

²Enrollment in the course *Introduction to Cryptography or Post Quantum Cryptography* is recommended.